

# **Engineering Standard**

SAES-T-018

21 April 2012

Telecommunications - Symbols, Abbreviations and Definitions

Document Responsibility: Communications Standards Committee

## Saudi Aramco DeskTop Standards

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## 1 Scope

This standard describes mandatory requirements governing the symbols and abbreviations used for telecommunication facilities. The Building Industry Consulting Service International (BICSI) standard symbols, acronyms and abbreviations is hereby recognized as Saudi Aramco Engineering Standard SAES-T-018.

Electrical, electronics and radio symbols are not included in this standard. For these symbols, refer to the following:

<u>IEEE 315</u>	Graphic Symbols for Electrical and Electronics Diagrams
<u>ASME Y14.15</u>	Electrical and Electronics Diagrams
CCIR Report 440-1	General Graphical Symbols for Radio Communications

## 2 Conflicts and Deviations

Any deviations, providing less than the mandatory requirements of this standard require written waiver approval as per Saudi Aramco Engineering Procedure <u>SAEP-302</u>.

## 3 References

All referenced Specifications, Standards and Codes, Forms, Drawings and similar material shall be of the latest issue (including all revisions, addenda and supplements) unless stated otherwise. Applicable references are listed below.

3.1 Saudi Aramco References

Saudi Aramco Engineering Procedures

<u>SAEP-302</u>	Instructions for Obtaining a Waiver of a Mandatory Saudi Aramco Engineering Requirement
<u>SAEP-103</u>	Metric Units of Weights and Measures

Saudi Aramco Engineering Standards

SAES-T-Series Telecommunications Standards

Saudi Aramco Standard Drawing

<u>AD-036785</u> Symbols Cathodic Protection

Saudi Aramco Drafting Manual

#### 3.2 Industry Codes and Standards

American Society of Mechanical Engineers

<u>ASME Y14.15</u>	Electrical and Electronics Diagrams
CCIR Report 440-1	General Graphical Symbols for Radio
	Communications

Building Industry Consulting Service International (BICSI)

*Outside Plant Design Reference Manual, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2007 BICSI Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006* 

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

<u>IEEE 315</u>	Graphic Symbols for Electrical and Electronics
	Diagrams

Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.

<u>UL 910</u>	Safety Test for Flame-Propagation and Smoke-
	Density Values for Electrical and Optical-Fiber
	Cables Used in Spaces Transporting
	Environmental Air

## 4 Poles, Guy & Anchor Symbols and Abbreviation

- 4.1 This section identifies and defines the symbols and abbreviations related to poles and associated equipment. These symbols and abbreviations are for use primarily on construction work plans and records, but may also be used on maps when necessary.
- 4.1.1 Place pole information as close as possible to the pole symbol. There should be no confusion as to which symbol the information governs. If the timber and treatment are not specified on the work order, it should be furnished by the placing forces.
- 4.1.2 Pole symbols used to identify existing plant are as follows:
  - IØ5EXISTING POLE NO. 105 SOLELY OWNED BY SAUDI<br/>ARAMCO TELECOMMUNICATIONS.X 23567EXISTING SAUDI ARAMCO TELECOMMUNICATIONS<br/>ATTACHMENT TO A POWER-OWNED (PDD, SEC "SCECO",<br/>ETC.) POLE NO. 23567. (FREE ATTACHMENT, RENTAL<br/>ATTACHMENT, LEASED POLE, ETC.).

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MOVE A SAUDI ARAMCO OWNED POLE. THE NUMBER AND ARROW INDICATE THE DIRECTION AND DISTANCE THE POLE IS TO BE MOVED.

4.1.3 Proposed poles are identified by pole number (if available), ownership, height, class, and species of timber. Proposed attachments are identified by ownership and pole number. Proposed poles and attachments are shown in the following examples:

POLE TO BE REMOVED



35'-5

PROPOSED 35-FOOT, CLASS 5 TO BE PLACED BY SAUDI ARAMCO TELECOMMUNICATIONS.



PROPOSED SAUDI ARAMCO TELECOMMUNICATIONS ATTACHMENT TO A PROPOSED POWER-OWNED (PDD, SEC "SCECO", ETC.) POLE NO.15678.

4.1.4 Existing plant that is to be removed, replaced or abandoned is shown in the following examples:

615	(30'-5) 35'-5
•	EXISTING POLE NO. 615, A 30-FOOT, CLASS 5 POLE TO BE REPLACED WITH A PROPOSED 35-FOOT, CLASS 5 POLE.
~	(35'-5)
() 105	EXISTING POLE NO. 105, A 35-FOOT, CLASS 5 POLE TO BE REMOVED OR ABANDONED.
<b>X</b> (15768)	SAUDI ARAMCO TELECOMMUNICATIONS ATTACHMENT BE REMOVED FROM POWER-OWNED (PDD, SEC "SCECO", ETC.) POLE NO. 15768.

4.1.5 Guy and anchor symbols used to identify existing plant are as follows:

	GUY
$\rightarrow$	GUY AND ANCHOR
$\triangleright \longrightarrow ($	INSULATED GUY AND ANCHOR
A	SIDEWALK GUY AND ANCHOR
IB	I-BEAM ANCHOR AND GUY



4.1.6 Proposed guy and anchor symbols used on construction work plans are identified by using the existing plant symbols drawn with heavy solid lines, as shown in the following examples:

<u>I-6М</u> L-7.40М Н-8М	PROPOSED OVERHEAD GUY ONE 6,000 POUND STRAND WITH A 7.40 METER LEAD AND 8 METER HEIGHT OF ATTACHMENT.
)	PROPOSED 10,000-POUND GUY AND ANCHOR WITH A 6-METER LEAD, 1-INCH-DOUBLE-EYE ANCHOR ROD.
→ 6M L-9M 3⁄4" DR	GUY ATTACHED TO AN EXISTING JOINT USED ANCHOR, A 6,000-POUND STRAND WITH A 9-METER LEAD, ¾-INCH DOUBLE-EYE ANCHOR ROD.
10M L-2.5M 2"×8′ A ¾" DR	PROPOSED GUY AND SIDEWALK ANCHOR ASSEMBLY. – DENOTE PIPE SIZE LENGTH.

4.1.7 To indicate removal of existing guys and anchors, place an X through the guy and anchor symbol as shown in the following examples:



4.1.8 Addition - The following examples shows combination of pole, guy and anchor symbols:

$$6M$$
 $L-8M$  $107$  $45'-4$ PROPOSED SOLELY OWNED SAUDI ARAMCO  
TELECOMMUNICATIONS 45-FOOT, CLASS 4 POLE,  
6M (6,000 POUND) GUY WITH AN 8-METERS LEAD, 34  
INCH DOUBLE EYE ANCHOR ROD. $16M$  $L-6.10M$  $106$ EXISTING SAUDI ARAMCO TELECOMMUNICATIONS  
SOLELY OWNED POLE. PROPOSED 16M (16,000-  
POUND) GUY WITH 6.10 METERS LEAD AND 1-INCH  
TRIPLE EYE JOINT ANCHOR. $10M$  $L-12M$ EXISTING SAUDI ARAMCO TELECOMMUNICATIONS  
SOLELY OWNED POLES AND OVERHEAD GUY. SHOWN  
GRADE OF ATTACHMENT AT 6.7 METERS.

## 5 Cables, Wires and Grounding Symbols and Abbreviation

- 5.1 Symbols and Abbreviations Wire (Aerial Drop Wire and Buried Service Wire)
- 5.1.1 This practice provides information for using the symbols and abbreviations pertaining to wire plant and associated items, as indicated below:



- 5.2 Symbols and Acronyms for Cable, Terminals, Load Coil Cases, Build-out Capacitors and Carrier Repeaters
- 5.2.1 This section identifies and defines the symbols and acronyms used in descriptive data for:
  - Cable
  - Cable terminals
  - Load coil cases

- **Build-out** capacitors \_
- Carrier repeaters
- 5.2.2 The symbols and acronyms in this section are to be used on construction drawings and records for telecommunication outside plant (OSP) facilities.

The cable sheaths and protective coverings listed in this section:

- Are not necessarily current standard material.
- Serve to identify and inform.

Refer to the SAES-T-920 series for applications of types of sheath and protective covering.

- 5.3 **Cable Designations**
- Cable designations used on work order prints for strip paper or pulp-5.3.1 insulated conductor cables (where existing) are indicated in the following chart.

The Chart:

- Provides the code letters used to designate the type of cable sheath. \_
- Describes the types of cable sheath used primarily on strip paper or pulp-\_ insulated conductor cables.

Type of Sheath	Code Letter	Description
Aluminum	В	An aluminum sheath extruded over the cable core
Lead	L	A lead alloy sheath extruded on the cable core
Stalpeth	S	<ul> <li>A corrugated aluminum tape applied longitudinally without an overlap.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>A corrugated steel tape with soldered longitudinal seam.</li> </ul>
		o An outer extruded polyethylene jacket.

Cable designations used on work order prints are listed in following chart. 5.3.1.1

### The Chart:

- Provides the code letters used to designate the type of cable sheath. \_
- Describes the types of cable sheath used only on plastic-insulated conductor cables.

Type of Sheath	Code Letter	Description
ALPETH	A	An aluminum tape with a fused clear polyethylene coating applied longitudinally with an:
		o Overlap o Extruded jacket of polyethylene
ΡΑΡ	D	<ul> <li>o Extruded polyethylene over the core</li> <li>o An outer extruded polyethylene jacket</li> <li>o Aluminum tape with a fused clear polyethylene coating applied longitudinally with an overlap</li> </ul>
PASP	E	<ul> <li>o Extruded polyethylene over the core.</li> <li>o Corrugated aluminum tape applied longitudinally without overlap.</li> <li>o Corrugated steel with soldered longitudinal seam.</li> <li>o Coating of thermoplastic flooding compound.</li> <li>o An outer extruded polyethylene jacket.</li> </ul>
PCP	F	<ul> <li>o Extruded polyethylene over the core.</li> <li>o Copper tape applied longitudinally with an overlap.</li> <li>o An outer extruded polyethylene jacket.</li> </ul>
POLYPIC	Р	Mylar*TM* tape over the core with an outer extruded polyethylene jacket.
PWP	К	<ul><li>o Extruded polyethylene over the core.</li><li>o Flat steel wire flooded with asphalt.</li><li>o An outer extruded polyethylene jacket.</li></ul>
VA	Ν	Aluminum shield over the cable with a polyvinyl chloride jacket.

Cable designations used on work prints are listed on the following chart. 5.3.1.2

The Chart:

- Provides the code letters used to designate the type of cable sheath. \_
- Describes cable sheath used for other cable types. \_

Type of Sheath	Code Letter	Description
ALVYN	т	A .20 mm aluminum tape coated on the outer side with a special adhesive coating that adheres to the overlaying black polyvinyl chloride jacket.
		<b>Note:</b> The coated aluminum tape is corrugated and longitudinally folded over the core tape with an overlap.
ASP	U	An aluminum tape with the following characteristics:
		<ul> <li>o Encased in a corrugated steel tape with overlap.</li> <li>o Protected on both sides with a chemically bonded polyethylene film that is not overlapped.</li> <li>o Filling compound is applied: <ul> <li>Under the aluminum tape.</li> </ul> </li> <li>o Between the aluminum tape and steel tapes.</li> <li>o The steel tape is flooded with <ul> <li>An extruded polyethylene jacket.</li> <li>A thermoplastic flooding compound.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
CUPETH	С	A copper tape applied longitudinally with an overlap and an extruded jacket of polyethylene.
LEPETH	G	<ul><li>o Extruded polyethylene over the core.</li><li>o A heat-barrier tape.</li><li>o An outer lead sheath.</li></ul>
LEPETH (Coaxial, Polyethyle	R ne)	<ul> <li>o Extruded polyethylene over the core.</li> <li>o A paper heat-barrier tape applied over the jacket with a lead alloy sheath.</li> </ul>
Optic (Polyvinyl - Chloride/other)	I	Fiber building cable with fire-retardant sheath. Type OFNR listing meeting UL 1666 for riser cable use.
Optic	J	Fiber building cable with fire-retardant sheath. Type OFNP listing meeting <u>UL 910</u> for plenum use.
Optic (Polyethylene)	Y	An extruded polyethylene jacket.
		Note: Used on fiber optic cables.
Polyethylene Jacket	Н	A lepth cable with an outer extruded polyethylene jacket.

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Type of Sheath	Code Letter	Description		
LEPETH		Note:	Use primarily on toll cables (strip paper or pulp-insulated conductors).	
Video (lead)	V	o Cre o Extr o A ho long o Cop	ped kraft paper tape. ruded lead sheath. elically-wrapped polyethylene tape applied gitudinally with overlap. oper tape applied helically with overlap.	
Video (Polyethylene	9) W	o Aho o Cop o Cop o Poly o Ano	elically-wrapped tape over core. oper tape applied longitudinally with overlap. oper tape applied helically with overlap. yethylene tape. outer extruded polyethylene sheath.	

## 5.3.2 The types of cable conductor insulation are listed in the following chart:

#### Commentary Note:

### For fiber optic cables, the type of fiber buffer is listed.

Code Letter	Type of Conductor Insulation
В	Polyethylene-polyvinyl chloride
D	Double Paper Wrapped
E	Plastic insulated color coded
F	Fiber-opticnon-buffered/bundled
G	Fiber opticloose buffer
Н	Fiber optictight buffer
J	Fiber opticribbon
K	Foam skin insulatedcolor coded
L	Pulp
Р	Plastic insulated, non-color coded
R	Rubber insulated
S	Single paper wrapped
Т	Textile

5.3.3 The following chart shows the code letters for special types of cable:

Code Letter	Description
A	Fiber optic air core nondielectric
В	Filled, screened cable
С	Composite coaxial cable
D	Fiber optic filled dielectric
F	Filled Cable
K	Fiber optic air core dielectric
L	Low capacitance cable
Μ	Multiple unit
Ν	Fiber optic filled nondielectric
Q	Quadded cable
S	Screened cable

5.3.4 If required, use the code letters in the chart in Paragraph 5.3.5 below in place of the codes in the chart in Paragraph 5.3.1.2 above.

Commentary Note:

Do not use codes from both charts on the same cable designation.

5.3.5 The following chart provides the code letters and descriptions for the types of cable protective covering.

Commentary Note:

On work order prints, place the code letter behind the cable size and gauge.

Type of Covering	Code Letter	Description		
Aerial tape armor	ТА	Either lead or polyethylene sheath:		
		On It consists of		
		Lead o A bedding of impregnated jute applied directly over the lead sheath. o Two spiral wrappings of galvanized steel tape armor. Polyethylene sheath o Two layers of impregnated and reinforced paper. o Two spiral wrappings of galvanized steel tape armor.		

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Type of Covering	Code Letter	Description	
Buried Tape Armor	BT	Lead Sheath o Impregnated paper and cushion of jute. o Two layers of steel tape o An outer covering of impregnated jute.	
Corrosion Protection	CP	<ul> <li>An outer layer of rubber or asphalt- backed fabric tape.</li> <li>Two reversed layers of impregnated and reinforced paper.</li> </ul>	
Corrugated Steel Protection	CS	A 0.15 mm of corrugated steel tape longitudinally wrapped around fiber optic cable with a positive overlap.	
Double Sheath	DS	A polyethylene inner jacket covered by an aluminum shield with an extruded polyethylene outer jacket.	
Gopher Tape Armor	GT	<ul> <li>Polyethylene sheath, armored with a</li> <li>0.15 mm corrugated steel tape flooded with a thermoplastic compound.</li> </ul>	
	MG	<ul> <li>Outer polyethylene sheath</li> <li>Welded corrugated .41 mm or.51 mm steel tape.</li> <li>Flooding Compound.</li> <li>Polyethylene inner sheath</li> </ul>	
Jute Protection	JU	<ul><li>Asphalt compound.</li><li>Impregnated paper.</li><li>Jute covering.</li></ul>	
Jute Protection with tape armor	JUTA	<ul> <li>Layer of impregnated paper.</li> <li>Layer of jute filled with asphalt.</li> <li>Two layers of asphalt- coated steel tapes.</li> <li>Outer covering of impregnated jute finished with mica.</li> </ul>	
Lightweight armor	LA	<b>Note:</b> Similar to single-wire armor submarine except smaller sized steel wires.	
		Either Lead or PAP Sheath:	
		On It consists of	
		Lead o Impregnated jute. Sheath o Layer of galvanized steel wires.	
		<ul> <li>PAP o Jute</li> <li>Sheath o A layer of galvanized steel wires.</li> <li>o An outer layer of impregnated jute.</li> </ul>	

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Type of Covering	Code Letter	Description	
Modified tape armor	МТ	Lead sheath with: o A layer of alternate paper tapes. o Two steel tapes. o An outer covering of jute	
Neoprene jacket	NJ	<ul> <li>For use with lead-covered cable.</li> <li>Consists of a combination of neoprene filled and all-neoprene tapes that adhere tightly to the underlying sheath.</li> </ul>	
Polyethylene jacket	PJ	Polyethylene jacket extruded over lead or aluminum sheath.	
Submarine double armor	DA	<ul> <li>Submarine-type cable covered by:</li> <li>Two layers of impregnated jute spiral wrapping of galvanized wire armor.</li> <li>A layer of impregnated jute.</li> <li>Another wrapping of galvanized wire armor spiraled in the opposite direction.</li> <li>An outer covering of impregnated jute.</li> </ul>	
Submarine single armor	SA	Submarine-type cable covered by: o Two layers of impregnated jute. o A spiral wrapping of galvanized wire armor. o Impregnated jute.	

5.3.6 The following chart provides the code letters for aerial cable assembled messenger support and describes the code meanings:

Letter	Description
IM	Integral messenger bonded to cable sheath with a polyethylene web (Figure 8 configuration)
ML	Cable prelashed to messenger with steel binding tape
SS	Self-supporting cable. Conductors provide required support

- 5.3.6.1 Numerals indicate the number of:
  - Cable pairs and wire gauge.

Or

- Fibers contained in the fiber optic cable.

- 5.4 Symbols and Codes for Cables
- 5.4.1 Identify cables according to the following chart by using the letter or symbol codes or the numerical codes.

Letter or Numeral	Explanation				
First letter	Type of cable sheath. Refe this standard in paragraphs	er to the following charts found in indicated in this chart:			
	Reference				
	Cable sheath designations Conductor Cables. Paragra	Cable sheath designations for Strip Paper or Pulp-Insulated Conductor Cables. Paragraph 4.3.3.1			
	Cable sheath designations Cables. Paragraph 4.3.3.2	for Plastic-Insulated Conductor			
	Cable sheath designations for Other Cable Types. Paragraph 4.3.3.3.				
Second letter	Type of cable conductor ins	sulation.			
	Or				
	In the case of fiber optics, protective fiber coating.				
	Note: See "Cable Condu	<b>Note:</b> See "Cable Conductor Insulation" in Paragraph 4.3.3.4.			
Third Letter	Special type cable. See "Special Type Cable" in Paragraph 4.3.3.5.				
First, Second,	Indicate the number of:				
numeral(s)	o Cable pairs				
	Or				
	o Optical fibers				
	When placing numerals on work prints, use the rules i following chart:				
	Over 100	Indicate as actual total pairs (for example, a 300-pair and 2700-pair cable are shown as 300 and 2700)			
	From 25 to 75 Pair	The signifying two digits.			
	Of 24 or fewer pairs	Using an X for the second or third digit (for example, a 6-pair cable is designated as 6X and an 18-pair cable as 18X).			
	Of MAT/ICOT type cable pairs pairs and special composite cable pairs.	Indicated as actual total pairs (for example152, 455, 624).			

	Letter or Numeral	Explanation				
Fourth and Sixth	Fourth and Sixth	Indicate wire gauge of cable conductors				
	numerais ^ *	Replace the numerals with two letters to indicate specia cables, as follows:		s with two letters to indicate special types of		
		Code		Explanation		
		SC		Special composite cable of a mixture of gauges.		
				Note:	The gauge number or SC code always follows the cable pair codes.	
		SM		Single-r	node fiber optic cable	
		MM		Multimo	de fiber optic cable.	
	Final letters	A two-letter code:				
		<ul> <li>Indicating the protective covering of the cable (See "Protective Coverings" in Paragraph 4.3.3.6.1).</li> </ul>		otective covering of the cable (See rings" in Paragraph 4.3.3.6.1).		
		Or				
		<ul> <li>Designating aerial messenger supports (See Paragraph 4.3.3.6.2).</li> </ul>			al messenger supports (See Paragraph	
		Note	: You Do	ı must ch not use d	noose one two-letter code from either chart.	

5.4.2 Addition - In summary, symbology for use in designating cables on drawings and records will be shown as illustrated below:



designation.

Addition - Shown below is an example of Typical Copper Cable 5.4.3 designation:





5.4.4 Addition - Listed below are examples for designating fiber optic cables on drawings and records (All cable lines are to be solid lines):



Prefix letter. Refer to Note in paragraph 4.3.4.1.2 above.

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5.4.5 The following examples are applications of the cable designations described in the preceding chart. (All lines used on Drawings or Records to represent cables are to be solid line, whether aerial, buried, underground, house or submarine cables are involved).

Cable Designation (Prefix Letter to indicate type of	
const. is not shown)	Explanation
AE50-22	<ul> <li>Alpeth cable</li> <li>Even-count plastic-insulated conductors color coded</li> <li>50 Pair</li> <li>22 Gauge</li> </ul>
TB3-300-22	<ul> <li>Alvyn cable</li> <li>Polyethylene-polyvinyl chloride insulated conductors (terminating cable)</li> <li>300 Pair</li> <li>22 Gauge</li> </ul>
AE F100-22	<ul> <li>Alpeth cable</li> <li>Even-count plastic-insulated conductors color coded</li> <li>Filled</li> <li>100 Pair</li> <li>22 Gauge</li> </ul>
UE F50-26 GT	<ul> <li>Alpeth cable</li> <li>Even-count plastic-insulated conductors color coded</li> <li>Filled</li> <li>50 Pair</li> <li>26 Gauge</li> <li>Gopher tape armor protective coating</li> </ul>
AE100-22 GT	<ul> <li>Alpeth cable</li> <li>Even-count plastic-insulated conductors color coded</li> <li>100 Pair</li> <li>22 Gauge</li> <li>Gopher tape armor protective coating</li> </ul>
B L100-22 JU	<ul> <li>Lead sheath cable</li> <li>Single-paper wrapped insulated conductors</li> <li>100 Pair</li> <li>22 Gauge</li> <li>Jute protection</li> </ul>

Cable Designation (Prefix Letter to indicate type of const. is not shown)	Explanation
AE25-19 M	<ul> <li>Alpeth cable</li> <li>Even-count plastic-insulated conductors</li> <li>25 Pair</li> <li>19 Gauge</li> <li>Integral messenger (figure 8 configuration)</li> </ul>
YGA48-MM CS	<ul> <li>Polyethylene-jacketed fiber optic</li> <li>Loose-buffer</li> <li>Air core-nondielectric</li> <li>48 Fiber</li> <li>Multimode</li> <li>Corrugated steel protection</li> </ul>
7X19 TK1, 1-7 6 COAX _	Composite LEPTH polyethylene sheath coaxial cable containing 43X-19GA and 6 Coaxial 0.375 tubes.

5.4.6 Addition - The cable designations shown above indicate conductor sizes in the American Wire Gauge (AWG) sizes only.

> On cable drawings and records, cable manufactured to AWG shall be designated with the AWG designation (24, 22, etc.) and cable manufactured to metric system dimensions shall be designated with the metric designations (.5, .6, etc.) in accordance with <u>SAEP-103</u> and the chart below.

Conductor Size Comparisons							
Ame	erican Wire G	auge	Metric Wire Sizes				
AWG	Size in mm	Show on Dwg's as	Standard Size	Size in mm	Show on Dwg's as		
19	0.9116	19	9	0.9000	.9		
22	0.6438	22	6	0.6000	.6		
24	0.5106	24	5	0.5000	.5		
26	0.4049	26	4	0.4000	.4		

5.4.6.1 Addition - Metric Conversion Chart

Equivalent Lengths							
mm	cm	meter	kilometer	inch	foot	mile	
1	0.1	0.001	10 <sup>-6</sup>	.03937	.003281		
10	1	0.01	10 <sup>-5</sup>	.3937	.032808		
1000	100	1	10 <sup>-3</sup>	39.37	3.28083		
106	105	1000	1	39370.	3280.83		
25.4	2.54	.0254		1	12		
304.8	30.48	.3048		12	1		
		1609.35	1.60935		5280	1	

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To convert from	То	Multiply by
Inches	millimeters	25.4
feet	meters	0.3048
miles	kilometers	1.6093
pounds	kilograms	0.4536
pounds per 1000 feet	kilograms per kilometer	1.4882

5.4.7 Listed in the chart below are symbols on drawings and/or records to represent cable and cable related operations and items:

Explanation		
CABLES; AERIAL, BUILDING/HOUSE, BURIED, UNDERGROUND AND SUBMARINE CABLES ARE PRESENTED WITH SOLID LINE.		
BURIED CABLE MARKER POST LOCATION.		
BURIED CABLE MARKER POST WITH LOCATOR CAP		
CABLE REFERENCE BUBBLE AND HOOK.		
CAPPED AND MARKED BURIED SERVICE WIRE.		
ELECTRONIC MARKER.		
FOREIGN-OWNED CABLE. SHOW THE COMPANY NAME.		
LOOP IN CABLE.		
LOOP TREATMENT BOUNDARY.		

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## Work Symbols - The cable work operation symbols are shown in the following chart:



Use the symbols below to represent:

- CABLE INSTALLED ON CENTRAL OFFICE MDF WITH PRE-. STUBBED PROTECTORS.
- THE AVERAGE STUB LENGTH OF THE TERMINATING CABLES . FOR EACH VERTICAL.



Main distribution frame (MDF) vertical with protector indicate:

- TERMINATED CABLE NUMBER AND PAIR • COUNT.
- VERTICAL NUMBER
- VERTICAL HEIGHT (SHOWN HT. 7 FEET)
- TYPE OF PROTECTOR / CONNECTOR USE



EXAMPLE SHOWS VERTICAL BLOCK PLACED ON VER-I (COUNT FOR BLOCK WOULD BE DETERMINED BY SIZE & TYPE OF BLOCK AND SHOWN ON WORK PRINT).



1,301-400

HT.7'

2

100

101

200

٧2

HT 7 FEET





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#### 5.4.9 Addition

Cable Count Examples:



5.5 The following chart depicts terminal symbols. Proposed terminals are drawn using a heavy weight line:



 FLOOR NUMBER – 3.1 ("I" INDICATES IT'S THE FIRST TERMINAL ON THE THIRD FLOOR) 5.5.1 Terminal and closure symbols used on direct buried cables are shown in the chart below.



Terminal symbols continue



Commentary Note:

Saudi Aramco official full street name shall be used for terminals address which can be obtained from http://saasd.aramco.com.sa/Glossary/Categories.asp

5.5.2 The following chart provides the symbols for load coil cases, build-out capacitors, and build-out lattice network:

•

#### Symbol

#### Explanation

QUANTITY OF CAPACITORS.

BUILD-OUT CAPACITOR CASE. INDICATE THE:

CAPACITANCE IN MF (MICROFARADS). COUNT OF TERMINATED CABLE PAIRS.

CASE 124/50 TYP .032MF 11.1-50



CASE :52/25 TYP :98 .020MF/120 OHM 11,1-25



BUILD-OUT LATTICE NETWORK CASE. INDICATE THE:

• TYPE OF CASE.

TYPE OF CASE.

- QUANTITY AND VALUE OF CAPACITORS IN MF (MICROFARAD).
- RESISTANCE.
- COUNT OF TERMINATED CABLE PAIRS.

CASE 152/50 TYP 662 1,1-50



+ SHOWN AT LAST LOAD

POINT ONLY.

CASE 152/25

TYP SAT IND

S

1,1-25

LOAD CASE. INDICATE THE: • LOAD POINT NUMBER FROM C.O.

- BACK SPAN DISTANCE TO C.O./LP.
- TYPE OF CASE.
- QUANTITY OF COILS.
- TYPE OF COILS.
- COUNT OF TERMINATED CABLE PAIRS.
- DISTANCE TO NEXT LOAD POINT.
- ON LAST LOAD POINT SHOW DISTANCE TO THE END OF CABLE.
   [914M (3000 FEET) OR GREATER]
- NOTE: INDICATE SAME SYMBOL AND EXPLANATIONS WHEN LOAD COIL IS ENCLOSED IN SPLICE.

INDUCTOR:

- TYPE CASE.
  - QUANTITY.
  - TYPE.
  - CABLE COUNT.



5.5.3 The symbols for cable grounding, bonding, and protection are provided in the chart below:



5.5.4 The symbols for carrier repeater housings and associated equipment are listed below:

Symbol

3 TYP 82A 24CH HSG TYP EMAR



TYPE BT/100 IN: 1, 1-25 OUT: PG30, 1-75



ANALOG CARRIER DEVICE WITH X-CONNECT. INDICATE THE:

Explanation

- TYPE OF CARRIER.
- NUMBER OF SYSTEMS.
- NUMBER OF CHANNELS.
- X-CONNECT TYPE.
- X-CONNECT CAPACITY.
- IN AND OUT COUNT.
- PG = PAIR GAIN

ANALOG SUBSCRIBER CARRIER CHANNELS OR PAIR GAIN SYSTEMS (MXU, DMS-I, ETC.) ARE INSTALLED IN A FIELD TERMINAL. INDICATE THE:

- TYPE OF CARRIER.
- NUMBER OF SYSTEMS.
- NUMBER OF CHANNELS.
- CABLE PAIRS ASSIGNED.
- ANY OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION.

CARRIER REPEATER LOCATION.



\*1 25/ITT TI D-NF 1, 1-25 \*2 25/ITT TI D-NF 1, 26-50 NOTE: THE NUMBER ON THE SYMBOL STEM IS THE QUANTITY OF HOUSINGS SPLICED TO AN INDIVIDUAL CABLE. FOR EACH HOUSING, INDICATE THE:

- HOUSING NUMBER.
- CAPACITY OF THE HOUSING.
- CABINET/HOUSING TYPE.

CABLE NUMBER AND COUNT OF TERMINATED CABLE PAIRS FOR EACH HOUSING. Telecommunications – Symbols, Abbreviations and Definitions



- 5.6 This section provides symbols to be used on work orders, construction work plans, maps, records, etc., for CATV, ETV, CCTV and ITV RF systems.
- 5.6.1 Following is a list of symbols and descriptions for antenna and headend:



#### 5.6.2 Following is a list of symbols for cables and their descriptions:







AMPLIFIER (W/O AGC)

AMPLIFIER (E/W AGC)

AMPLIFIER (W/O AGC, E/W BRDGING AMP. AND 4-WAY SPLITTER)

AMPLIFIER (E/W AGC, AND 3-WAY SPLITTER)

INTERMEDIATE BRIDGING (E/W 2-WAY SPLITTER)

LINE EXTENDER AMPLIFIER

A-C BLOCKING CONNECTION

## 5.8 Following is a list of symbols and descriptions for power equipment:



5.9 Following is a list of symbols and descriptions for equalizers:



5.10 Following is a list of symbols and descriptions for attenuators (dB value is shown inside symbol):



5.10.1 Following is a list of symbols and descriptions for line splitters:



5.10.2 Following is a list of symbols and descriptions for directional coupler (dB value is shown inside symbol):



5.10.3 Following is a list of symbols and descriptions for taps (dB value is shown inside symbol, also preceded by P for pressure type and S for sloped type):


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5.10.4 Following is a list of symbols and descriptions for terminations:



# 6 Conduit and Manholes Symbols and Abbreviation

- 6.1 This section identifies and defines the symbols and abbreviations related to underground conduit and manholes. Use these symbols and abbreviations on:
  - Construction work permits.
  - Maps.
  - Records.

Refer to paragraph 4.6 below for symbols and abbreviations used with building conduit, and for additional miscellaneous symbols.

6.2 The following chart shows the commonly used underground conduit and manhole symbols: (Proposed symbols are the same as existing except symbols are drawn with heavy line).



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Symbol	Explanation
A MH25	<ol> <li>MANHOLE WITH INSIDE DIMENSIONS:</li> <li>LENGTH.</li> <li>WIDTH.</li> <li>HEADROOM.</li> <li>MANHOLE TYPE.</li> <li>MANHOLE NUMBER.</li> </ol>
MH 69	MANHOLE OUTLINE. AREA THAT IS FILLED IN REPRESENTS ACTUAL LOCATION OF MANHOLE.
.6 I M	IRREGULAR SHAPE MANHOLE
1.8M	NOTE: SYMBOLS FOR OTHER IRREGULAR SHAPES MAY BE DEVELOPED TO INDICATE MH SHAPE AND DIMENSIONS.
2.75Mx1.8Mx0.61Mx 2.44Mx0.61Mx2M HR	MANHOLE DIMENSIONS ARE EXPRESSED BY INSIDE MEASUREMENTS, STARTING WITH THE LONGEST SIDE AND READING CLOCKWISE AND LEAVING HEADROOM LAST.
J MH25 90.46M WW 6-4" PVC 3.1M×1.5M×2.0M	<ul> <li>MAIN UNDERGROUND CONDUIT AND</li> <li>MANHOLE. MANHOLE TEXT INDICATES</li> <li>MANHOLE:</li> <li>TYPE.</li> <li>NUMBER.</li> <li>DIMENSIONS.</li> </ul>
R=8M L=9M	<ul> <li>CONDUIT TEXT INDICATES:</li> <li>DISTANCE WALL-TO-WALL.</li> <li>NUMBER OF DUCT.</li> <li>DIAMETER OF DUCT.</li> <li>TYPE OF CONDUIT.</li> </ul>
J MH25 2-4" PVC 23M 3.IM×1.5M×2.0M	MAIN UNDERGROUND CONDUIT, MANHOLE AND LATERAL.
R=10M L=12M 90° 4-4" PVC	CONDUIT BEND, SHOW ANGLE AND RADIUS OF BEND. SHOW TYPE, SIZE AND NUMBER OF CONDUITS.

Symbol	Explanation
R=6M L=10M 45°	INTERCEPTING BEND 45 DEGREES. SHOW RADIUS OF BEND.
SIZE R=8M L=9M A=90°	Y COUPLING. SHOW RADIUS OF BEND. EXAMPLE: R = RADIUS IN METER L = LENGTH IN METER A = ANGLE IN DEGREE
2-4" PVC 46.96M GIP BENDS GIP BENDS 2-4" 2-4" 1.52M 1.52M I CAPPED I CAPPED AT GR.LVL. AT GR.LVL. TOTAL LENGTH 50M	UNDERGROUND CONDUIT DIP LATERAL FROM POLE-TO-POLE, POLE-TO-BUILDING, ETC. SHOW MANHOLE WALL-TO-POLE, POLE-TO- BUILDING, ETC., MEASUREMENTS.
121.95M W-W 6-4" PVC	<ul> <li>UNDERGROUND CONDUIT. TEXT INDICATES:</li> <li>TYPE OF CONDUIT.</li> <li>DIAMETER OF DUCT.</li> <li>NUMBER OF DUCTS.</li> <li>LENGTH WALL-TO-WALL.</li> </ul>
	CROSS SECTION OF UNDERGROUND CONDUIT THAT CONTAINS SUBDUCTS.

- •
- SMALL CIRCLE INDICATES NUMBER OF SUBDUCTS. SHOW NUMBER AND SIZE WITH THE NOTE I.E., 3-1' SUBDUCTS. •

Symbol		Explanation
NOTE: A HANDHOLE IS A BELOW GRADE ENCLOSURE TO SMALL FOR A MAN TO ENTER.	CONC HHI	<ul><li>HANDHOLE. TEXT INDICATES HANDHOLE:</li><li>TYPE.</li><li>NUMBER.</li></ul>
	MH	FOREIGN UNDERGROUND CONDUIT AND MANHOLE OF OTHER WIRE USING UTILITY.
	$\bigcirc$	DUCT LEASED OR USED BY A FOREIGN COMPANY OR A GOVERNMENT AGENCY.
EXAMPLE: DUCT SYMBOLS		NOTE: THE DUCT MUST BE LABELED TO INDICATE COMPANY OR AGENCY NAME.
DUCT USED BY SAUDI TEL.	(6)	DUCT OCCUPIED BY SAUDI ARAMCO CABLE NO. 6.
		NOTE: THE SYMBOL WITHIN THE CIRCLE SHOWS CABLE NUMBER DESIGNATION.
	$\otimes$	BLANK TERMINATOR
	$\bigcirc$	VACANT DUCT
		DUCT LEASED OR USED BY SAUDI ARAMCO IN FOREIGN-OWNED CONDUIT SYSTEM.

6.2.1 Use the abbreviations listed in the following chart to indicate the underground conduit type:

Abbreviation	Type of Underground Conduit
FD	Fiber duct
MPD	Multiple plastic duct
PVC	Polyvinyl Chloride duct

6.2.2 Use the numerical codes listed in the following chart to identify underground conduit:



# 6.3 Letter Codes Underground conduit abbreviations

Identify subsurface facilities of other utilities. Agencies, etc., using the codes listed in the following chart:

Code Letters	Type of Facility
CATV	Cable Television
E	Electric
G	Gas
PL	Pipe line
PO	Privately owned
S	Sewer
W	Water

6.4 The miscellaneous symbols used on underground conduit construction drawings are shown in the following chart:

Symbol	Explanation
CURB	CATCH BASIN AT CURB
<u>→</u> <u>8′ ₩</u> )	WATER LINE VALVE IN LINE
R.O.W.	RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE
P/L	PROPERTY LINE
<u> </u>	CENTER LINE
Ţ	TRAFFIC LIGHT SIGNAL POST.
$\Delta$	TRAFFIC LIGHT CONTROL, PEDESTAL MOUNTED.
	TRAFFIC LIGHT CONTROL, UNDERGROUND.
S	SIGN POST, STREET, ROAD, STOP, ETC.
	ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER.
→ 300 mm <	CULVERT (SIZE INDICATED).
(4M)	TREE OR BUSHES (TRUNK DIAMETER INDICATED).
	SURFACE RAILROAD TRACKS.

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Symbol	Explanation
FL	FLOW LINE.
FENCE OR	FENCE LINE.
G	FOREIGN COMPANY LINE/FACILITY.
	NOTE: THE LETTER INDICATES THE TYPE:
	<ul> <li>G = GAS</li> <li>E = ELECTRICITY</li> <li>T = TELEPHONE</li> <li>CATV = CABLE TV</li> <li>S = SEWER</li> <li>SW = SWEET WATER</li> <li>RW = RAW WATER</li> <li>AC = CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING COOLANT PIPE.</li> </ul>

#### 6.4.1 The symbols listed below are those most commonly used in cable pressurization work:



Symbo	bl	Explanation
EXISTING	PROPOSED	
B	SAME AS EXISTING EXCEPT MAKE	BYPASS (PLASTIC TUBING) BETWEEN TWO CABLES.
BV P	SYMBOL HEAVY	BYPASS VALVE WITH SHUTOFF INSTALLED IN PIPELINE AROUND PRESSURE DAM.
(v)		PRESSURE-TESTING VALVE IN CABLE, SPLICE CLOSURE, OR BURIED TERMINAL HOUSING.
D		AIR DRYER (REFRIGERATOR OR COMPRESSOR-DEHYDRATOR TYPE).
PMD		POLE-MOUNTED AIR DRYER.

## 7 Miscellaneous Symbols and Acronyms

- 7.1 Miscellaneous Symbols and Abbreviations BIC/BICSI
- 7.1.1 This section includes miscellaneous symbols and abbreviations that will be useful in preparing construction work plans and will have limited use in developing and maintaining permanent plant records.
- 7.1.2 The architectural symbols and abbreviations used on drawings covering communication facilities are shown below:



Symbol	Meaning
SIZE	CABLE EXPOSED.
SIZE	CONDUIT.
SIZE	CONDUIT CONCEALED IN CEILING OR WALL.
SIZE	CONDUIT HOME RUN.
	CONDUIT CONCEALED IN FLOOR.
$\bigcirc$	CONDUIT FOR PLACING GROUND WIRE.
	CONDUIT BACKBONE.
≡≡ <b>⊡</b> ≡∶≡	UNDERFLOOR DUCT AND JUNCTION BOX, TRIPLE SYSTEM (NUMBER OF LINES ENTERING A BOX IN THE HEADER DUCT RUN INDICATE NUMBER OF SYSTEMS TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC, TV, ETC.).
SIZE	BACKBONE SLEEVE.
EXISTING PROPOSED	
$\ominus$ $\bullet$	FLOOR OUTLET BOX OR FITTING.
-\$-	CEILING OUTLET BOX.
	WALL OUTLET BOX.
$\blacksquare$	FLOOR OUTLET AS NOTED
NOTE: PLACE 'T' OR 'D' BES T = TELEPHONE (VOI D = DATA	BIDE OUTLET SYMBOLS. CE)

Symbol Meaning CEILING DROP POLE. SWITCHBOARD. PULL BOX. SIZE TRENCH HEADER FEED ON CELLULAR OR UNDERFLOOR DUCT SYSTEM. HEADER DUCT WITH ACCESS UNIT ON CELLULAR OR UNDERFLOOR DUCT SYSTEM. TELEPHONE PANEL (ENTRY AND SECURITY).

# 7.1.3 Electrical Symbols - BICSI





7.2 This section includes BICSI acronyms and symbols to update symbology information (Refer to BICSI Chapter 17).

Α	
ac	alternating current
ACR	attenuation-to-crosstalk ratio
A-D or A/D	analog-to-digital conversion
ADSL	asymmetric digital subscriber line
ADSS	all-dielectric self-supporting
A/E	architect or engineer
AEC	architect/engineer/contractor
ALPETH	aluminum polyethylene
ALVYN	aluminum polyvinyl chloride
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
AP	access provider
APT	American pipe thread
APWA	American Public Works Association
ARPAP	Aluminum, resin, polyethylene ,aluminum,
ARPASP	Aluminum, resin, polyethylene, aluminum,
ASCII	American standard code for
ASP	aluminum, steel, polyethylene
ASTM®	American Society for Testing
ATIS	Alliance for Telecommunications Industry
ATM	asynchronous transfer mode
AT&T	American Telephone & Telegraph
AWG	American wire gauge
OSP	Design Reference Manual, 4th
Glossary	
В	
BC	bonding conductor
BCT	bonding conductor for telecommunications
BD	building distributor
BER	bit error rate

Acronym

Explanation

BLSR	bidirectional line switched ring
BOCA	Building Officials and Code
BOMA	Building Owners Managers Association
BRI	basic rate interface
BRISDN	basic rate integrated services
BSI	British Standards Institution
С	
CACSP	coated aluminum, coated steel,
CAD	computer-aided design
CALPETH	coated aluminum, polyethylene
CASP	coated aluminum, steel, polyethylene
CATV	community antenna television (cable
CCTV	closed circuit television
CD	campus distributor
CDF	combined distribution frame
CDM	code division multiplexing
CDMA	code division multiple access
CDO	community dial office
CEC	Canadian Electrical Code
CENELEC	Comité Européen de Normalisation
Standardization)	
CEV	controlled environment vault
CF	cellular floor
CFM	cubic feet per minute
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CGA	Common Ground Alliance
ckt	circuit
CLEC	competitive local exchange carrier
CMR	communications riser cable
СО	central office
codec	coder/decoder
COE	central office equipment
COT	central office terminal
CPAMS	cable pressurization automatic monitoring
CPE	customer premises equipment
СРМ	critical path method
CPMS	cable pressure monitoring system
CSA	Canadian Standards Association
CSI	Construction Specifications Institute
CUE	concrete universal enclosure
D	
D-A	or D/A digital-to-analog conversion
dB	decibel
DB	direct-buried
DB	ductbank

dBm	decibel milliwatt
dc	direct current
demarc	demarcation point
DEPIC	dual-expanded plastic insulated conductor
DLC	digital loop carrier
DNR	Department of Natural Resources
DoC	Department of Commerce
DoT	Department of Transportation
OSP	Design Reference Manual, 4th
Glossary	
DP	demarcation point
DP	demultiplexer
DSL	digital subscriber line
DSX	digital signal cross-connect
DTE	data terminal equipment
DWDM	dense wave division multiplexing
E	
EB	encased buried
E&C	engineering and construction
EF	entrance facility
EMC	electromagnetic compatibility
EMI	electromagnetic interference
EP	entrance point
ER	equipment room
F	
FD	floor distributor
FOCIS	Fiber Optic Connector Intermateability
freq	frequency
FS	factor of safety
FSO	free space optic
FTTH	fiber to the home
FTTN	fiber to the node
FTTP	fiber to the premise
FTTx	fiber to the x
G	
ga	gauge
GACAN	gauge coding area number
GHz	gigahertz
GND	ground
GPR	ground potential rise
GVWR	gross vehicle weight rating
н	
НС	horizontal cross-connect
HDD	horizontal directional drilling
HDG	heavy-duty galvanized

HDPE	high-density polyethylene
HDSL	high bit-rate digital subscriber
HDTV	high-definition television
HFC	hybrid fiber/coaxial
нн	handhole
HVAC	heating, ventilating, and air
Hz	hertz
I	
IC	intermediate cross-connect
ICC	International Code Council
ICEA	Insulated Cable Engineers Association,
ID	identification
ID	inside diameter
IDC	insulation displacement
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
ILEC	incumbent local exchange carrier
IOR	index of refraction connector
IRWA	International Right-of-Way Association
ISDN	integrated services digital network
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
ITS	information transport systems
ITU-T	International Telecommunication Union-Telecom
IXC	interexchange carrier
К	
km	kilometer
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
L	
LAN	local area network
laser	light amplification by stimulated
LATA	local access and transport
LBO	line buildout
LCE	limited common element
LEC	local exchange carrier (now
LED	light-emitting diode
LLDPE	linear low-density polyethylene
LoS	line of sight
М	
MAN	metropolitan area network
Mb/s	megabit per second
MC	main cross-connect
MCF	million conductor feet
MDF	main distribution frame
MDPE	medium density polyethylene
MF	pipe manifold

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MGN	multiground neutral	
MH	maintenance hole	
MHz	megahertz	
mi	mile	
MM	multimode	
MMF	multimode fiber	
modem	modulator/demodulator	
MOP	method of procedure	
MPD	multiple plastic duct	
MPP	modular patch panel	
MRIL	maximum recommended installation load	
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet	
MTBF	mean time between failure	
mux	multiplex; multiplexer	
Ν		
NEC®	National Electrical Code	
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association	
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association,	
NGDLC	next generation digital loop	
NI	network interface	
NIU	network interface unit	
NRTL	nationally recognized testing laboratory	
NVP	nominal velocity of propagation	
0		
OAU	optimum air usage	
OCSI	One Call Systems International	
OD	outside diameter	
ODN	optical data network	
OEM	original equipment manufacturer	
OLT	optical line termination	
OLTS	optical loss test set	
ONT	optical network terminal	
OPE	outside plant engineer	
OPGW	optical power ground wire	
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health	
OSP	outside plant	
OTDR	optical time domain reflectometer	
Р		
PABX	private automatic branch exchange	
PAP	polyethylene, aluminum, polyethylene	
PASP	polyethylene, aluminum, steel, polyethylene	
PBX	private branch exchange	
PCM	pulse code modulation	
PE	polyethylene	
PE	professional engineer	

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I	PERT	program evaluation review technique
	PIC	plastic insulated conductor
	PLR	plant locator record
	PM	project manager
	PMI®	Project Management Institute®
	PO	purchase order
	POF	plastic optical fiber
	POI	point of interface
	PON	passive optical network
	POP	point of presence
	POTS	plain old telephone service
	PRCS	permit-required confined space
	PRI	primary rate interface
	psi	pounds per square inch
	PTP	point-to-point
	PVC	polyvinyl chloride
	PVDF	polyvinylidene fluoride
	R	
	RCDD®	Registered Communications Distribution Designer
	RDUP	Rural Development Utilities Program
	RF	radio frequency
	RFI	radio frequency interference
	RFI	request for information
	RFP	request for proposal
	RFQ	request for quote
	RH	relative humidity
	rms	root mean square
	ROM	rough-order of magnitude
	RR	railroad
	RT	remote terminal
	RTV	room temperature vulcanization
	RUS	Rural Utilities Service
	R/W	right-of-way
	S	
	SC	subscriber connector
	SCC	Standards Council of Canada
	SCFD	standard cubic foot per
	SCFH	standard cubic foot per
	SCMD	standard cubic meter per
	SCMH	standard cubic meter per
ļ	SCTE	Society of Cable Telecommunications
	SDSL	symmetrical digital subscriber line
	SE	station equipment
	SFF	small form factor
۱	SI	International System of Units

SLC	subscriber loop carrier
SM	singlemode
SMDR	station message detail recording
SMF	singlemode fiber
SNR	signal-to-noise ratio
SONET	synchronous optical network
SoW	scope of work
SP	service provider
SRL	structural return loss
SR/WA	senior right-of-way agent
STALPETH	steel, aluminum, polyethylene
т	
ТВ	terminal block
T&C	terms and conditions
TDE	tube distribution enclosure
TDM	time-division multiplexing
TDMA	time division multiple access
TDR	time domain reflectometer
TDU	tube distribution unit
TELCO	telephone company
TERM	terminal
TGB	telecommunications grounding busbar
TIA	Telecommunications Industry Association
TMGB	telecommunications main grounding busbar
TR	telecommunications room
TSB	Telecommunications Systems Bulletin (formerly
U	
UG	underground
UL®	Underwriters Laboratories Inc.®
ULC	Underwriters Laboratories of Canada
UM	unsoldered mechanical
UP	universal pedestal
UPSR	unidirectional path switched ring
V	
V	volt
VDL	vertical down lead
VDSL	very high bit-rate digital
Vrms	volts root mean square
W	
WBS	work breakdown structure
WiFi	wireless fidelity
WLAN	wireless local area network
WLL	wireless local loop
WMAN	wireless metropolitan area network
WPAN	wireless personal area network

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14/14/ANI	
VVVVAN	wireless wide area network
Х	
xDSL	x digital subscriber line
XPE	expanded polyethylene
XPE-PVC	expanded polyethylene-polyvinyl chloride
Z	
ZWP	zero water peak

## 7.3 Addition

All symbols describing existing, proposed and removal of telecommunication outside plant (OSP) facilities should be distinguished as follows:

- a) Existing: All symbols of this category are fine line and open symbols.
- b) Proposed addition or modification to all symbols of this category are heavy lines and solid symbols.
- c) Removal or abandon in place: All symbols of this category are superimposed with an "X" indicating that they are being removed from plant.
- d) Planned future installation: Indicated by thin parallel lines.

The following chart shows examples of the symbols that indicate plant type:

(A) EXISTING	
(B) PROPOSED	
(C) — <b>X X X</b> REMOVAL OR ABAN	DON IN PLACE
(D) < FUTURE	
() PARENTHESIS INDICATE REMO PARENTHESIS ALSO INDICATE CHANGES/REARRANGEMENTS.	VAL. Count
EXAMPLE: <pre>     CARETS INDICATE INTERMEDIA     C PBF 100-24-TA     C PBF 100-24-TA</pre>	ATE CABLE COUNT 0,1,2,ETC)
<pre>&lt;0&gt; (01,1-50) &lt;1&gt; (02,101-150) &lt;2&gt; 03,151-200 &lt;3&gt; NC A,51-100 (NC) (01,101-150) A,51-</pre>	<etc> 100</etc>
L THROW SEQUENCE CHANGE COUN MUST ALWAYS START CHANGE COUN WITH 'ZERO' WITH PARENTH	TS ARE INDICATED HESIS ONLY

### 7.4 Miscellaneous Symbols



Symbol	Explanation
CAUTION OR MESSAGE	CAUTION SYMBOL USED TO FLAG A SAFETY HAZARD OR TO ADD ANY REQUIRED INFORMATION.
$\supset$	HOSPITAL.
**	RAILROAD UNDERPASS.
W.T.)	WATER TOWER.
(C.O.)	CENTRAL OFFICE.
	SCHOOL.
	MOSQUE.
	VACANT HOUSE.

7.5	Addition	Landbase Miscellaneous Symbols
	Symbol	Explanation
		PAVED ROAD
		DIRT ROAD
	·	BRIDGE
		ROAD UNDER CONSTRUCTION
		— — TRAIL
		GUARD RAIL
		MEDIAN BARRIER
	<del>-++</del>	RAILROAD
		RETAINING WALL
		SHORE LINE
		STREAM
	╾┈╃╌╾┽╌	DIKE
	ł <u>wa</u> ł.	— — SABKHAH
		POND
	·	MUD FLAT
	l	DAM
		••— DITCH

Symbol	Explanation
	EXPOSED PIPELINE
	BURIED PIPELINE
	PIPERACK
$\sim$	TREE LINE
$\boxtimes$	GATE VALVE
\$ <b>-</b> ∕Q	POWER LIGHT & LEADER
++	FIRE HYDRANT
$\heartsuit$	VALVE
o <b>-</b> ₩	POWER LIGHT
$\odot$	ANTENNA
$\bigcirc$	TANK
$\bigtriangleup$	TRANSMISSION TOWER
<u> </u>	TRANSMISSION TOWER WITH LEADERS
СВ	CATCH BASIN
坐	SWAMP
X	PALM
Wwell	WELL
Ð	FLARE
$\bigotimes$	STANDPIPE
	Telecommunications outlet with conduit stub-up
	Large (feeder) underfloor duct, trench header, or header duct Standard (distribution) underfloor duct, or cellular floor duct

====

Size

V

\_ ст \_\_\_\_ ст \_\_\_

\_ BCC \_\_\_\_ BCC \_\_\_\_

– BFC —— BFC ——

\_\_ OF \_\_\_\_\_ OF \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_COP\_\_\_\_COP\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_ ST \_\_\_\_\_\_ ST \_\_\_\_\_

\_ J \_\_\_\_\_ J \_\_

\_\_COAX\_\_\_COAX\_\_\_

— вс —

вс —

Telecommunications – Symbols, Abbreviations and Definitions Underfloor duct and junction box, triple system (number of lines entering a box in the header duct run indicates number of

etc.) Conduit to floor outlet placed in slab

systems telephone, electric, television,

Sleeve (size and type as noted)

Cross-connect

Dual drop containing one voice and one data cable

Single drop containing one data cable

Single drop containing one voice cable

Single drop containing one voice cable mounted using wall phone receptacle Single drop containing one CATV location

Ceiling mounted poke thru location from above

Poke thru location to ceiling below

Open ladder rack mounted

Center spline cable tray

Center spline one-sided mounted cable

tray Cable tray Cable tray (size as indicated) Backbone conduit for copper Backbone conduit for fiber Backbone conduit Optical fiber backbone Copper backbone Coaxial backbone Legacy thicknet cabling Interior pathways ring run Interior pathways strand J hooks

Duplex receptacle outlet

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The second secon	
5	Wall switch
<b>├</b> ──┤	Individual fluorescent fixture
	Continuous row fluorescent fixture
ELEC PANEL	Electrical power panel
J	Junction box
Ť	Thermostat
ĕ	Multiwire splice
•	Lightning protection
	Boundary line
	Legacy boundary line
	Ceiling access panel
A	Electronic door opener
	Electronic motorized door activation
MD	motion detector
•	Push button (1170 mm [46 in] above finished floor)
TV	Television location
тс	Television location wired to call system
с	Copier network box (457 mm [18 in]) above finished floor
	Electromagnetic door lock
DS	Electromagnetic door strike with monitoring contact
(DM)	Magnetic door switch
ĈR	Security system card reader
MD	Motion detector
KB	Security system magnetic lock key bypass switch (1170 mm[46 in]) above finished floor
$\odot$	Closed-circuit surveillance camera outlet (2.3 mm [7.5 ft]) above finished floor
ĸ	Security system keypad entry station (1170 mm [46 in]) above finished floor Closed-circuit surveillance television
CM	monitor (1170 mm [46 in])above finished floor





Vehicle loop detector Security window screen Intercom 2-Way radio microphone Cellular transmitter Telephone dialer Optical fiber module Document destroyer Motion detector Bi-static beam sensor Glass break sensor Security screen with alarm Screening device Monitor Camera

60

 $\Box$ 

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Camera with pan/tilt/zoom Video control keyboard Video multiplexer пh Video motion detector Recorder Automatic monitoring switch М Manually operated switch Μ Push button т М Relay switch м Electric lock Exit device ⊒т Power transfer hinge Video intercom Camera with card reader Camera with keypad Video intercom master Primary protector, not cross-connected Document Responsibility: Communications Standards Committee Issue Date: 21 April 2012 Next Planned Update: 26 January 2014 Telecommunications – Symbols, Abbreviations and Definitions

**SAES-T-018** 



SAES-T-018

pair complements Cable containing less than 100 pairs



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Bond between separate metallic cable shields

Repeater station-two way

Capacitor (wire diagram)

Buildout capacitors located in case

## Multiplexer

Underground conduit, maintenance hole, and subsidiary conduit to pole P1388

Proposed maintenance hole type, length, width, headroom, and type of frame and

Trench meters (feet) and conduit type of

#### Direct-buried wire

Center line

Drop pole

Existing pole with power of 230 V or less attached (includes street light poles) Existing pole with power of 480 V or more attached Existing pole (of any voltage) with a mounted power transformer or switch Other buried utility Extreme caution

Future plant extension

Flag referring to a specific note concerning the indicated location

-00	Fence of any type
-Q-	Fire hydrant
-[6]	Gas or water valve
$\boxtimes$	Buried cable closure
feader distribution cable in cables out	OSP cable interface with cross-connect field
2	Placing operation
<	Drop location
<ul><li>▼<sub>xTw</sub></li></ul>	Existing location to be rewired
■	Public telephone
<ul> <li>✓</li> <li>w</li> </ul>	Wall telephone
◄ SP	Secure wall telephone
◀ <sub>BA</sub>	Building automation outlet
	Horizontal fiber to the desktop
⋖ <sub>s</sub>	Security panel
<	Emergency telephone
<	Drop location with blank plate
■ FP	Future telephone location
◄ <sub>c</sub>	Ceiling-mounted telephone location
◀,	Fire alarm panel
<	Security or fire alarm dialers
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Floor mounted

**Revision Summary** 

Major revision. 26 January 2009 9 June 2010 Editorial revision to change the Primary Contact Person and remove the committee members list. Editorial revision to change the primary contact.

21 April 2012